# SRv6 - Reminder



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# **Network Programming**

Network Program

DA = SID1

SRH = SID2, SID3

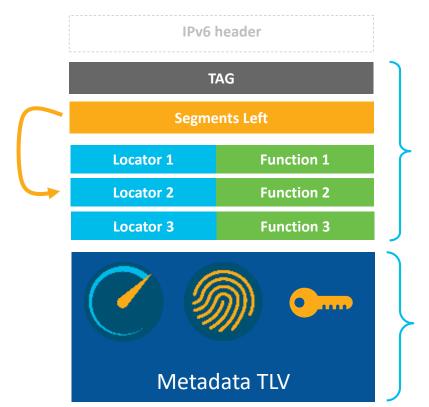
1st instruction

2nd instruction

3rd instruction

- A network program is a list of instructions (128-bit SRv6 SID)
- An instruction can be bound to any behavior
  - TE/FRR: END, END.X
  - VPN: END.DX, END.DT

#### SRv6 Header



RFC – Proposed Standard

18 HW linerate implementations

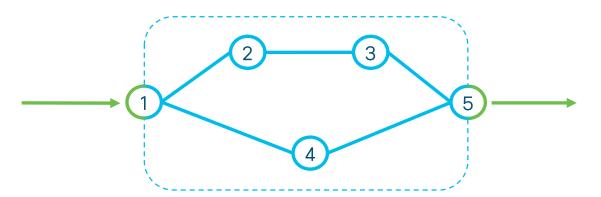
8 deployments

Optimized for HW processing e.g. FRR, TE & VPN use-cases

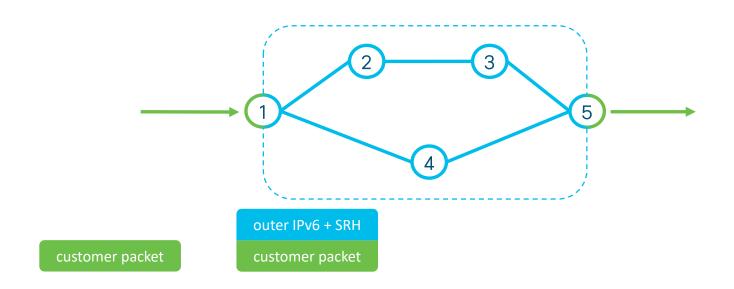
Optimized for SW processing e.g. NFV, Container, Micro-Service

#### SRv6 Domain

# IPv6 enabled provider infrastructure SR Domain

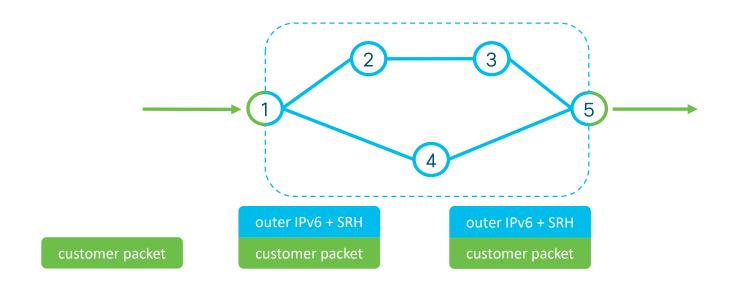


### Encapsulation at the Domain ingress



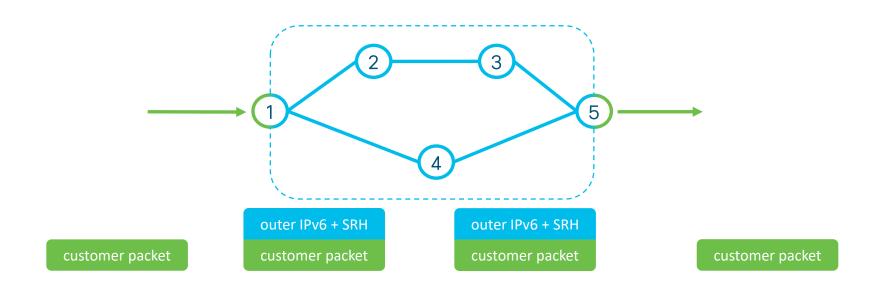
- IPv4, IPv6 or L2 frame is encapsulated within the SR Domain
- Outer IPv6 header includes an SRH with the list of segments

# SRH of the outer IPv6 encapsulation



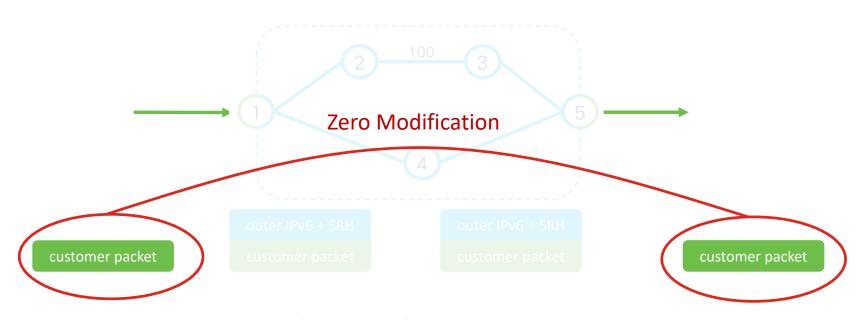
- Domain acts as a giant computer
- The network program in the outer SRH is executed

### Decapsulation at Domain Egress



• Egress PE removes the outer IPv6 header as the packet leaves the SR domain

# End-to-End Integrity



- End-to-end integrity principle is strictly guaranteed
  - Inner packet is unmodified
  - Same as SR-MPLS (MPLS stack is replaced by IPv6 outer header and SRH)